

Ch. 17-3 p. 428-432

The Reformation - define:

Causes of the Reformation

- Renaissance emphasis on the secular and individual . printing press
- rulers' resentment of pope's attempted control
- merchants' resentment of forced taxation of Church
- problems within the RCC (extravagance, emphasis on worldly affairs, children of bishops, low literacy rate of priests)

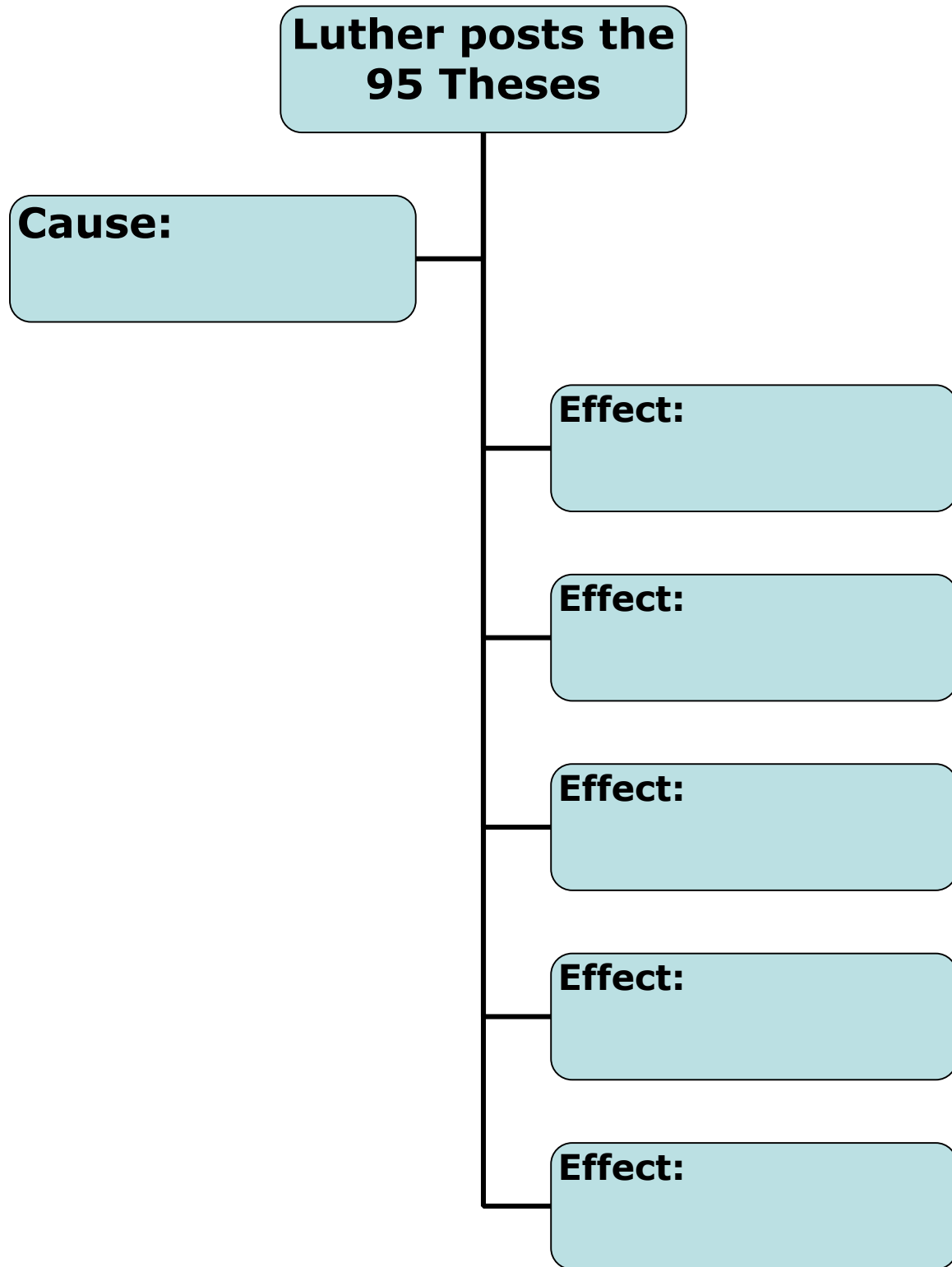
Martin Luther challenged the Church

- Luther, a German monk, protested the sale of **indulgences** -
- Wrote the **95 Theses (formal statements)** against this practice
- posted on the door of a church; printing press helped to spread ideas; led to **Reformation**

Luther's teachings included:

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Taking Notes



England became **Protestant** - define:

- The pope refused to annul King Henry VIII's marriage
- Henry asked Parliament to end the pope's power in England
- Parliament made the King, not the pope, the head of the Church of England (Anglican Church)
- England returns to Catholicism under Queen Mary
- Queen Elizabeth I returns England to Protestantism

See timeline on page 431

1. How many years are represented on the timeline?
2. How many rulers of England are shown on the timeline?
3. How many wives did Henry VIII have?
4. How many children did Henry VIII have?
5. How many did he have beheaded?
6. Who became king upon Henry's death?
7. How many years did Mary reign as queen?